



Helping, Encouraging, And Refreshing, Together

Coming alongside the Pastor, his family, and the local church to assist in areas of encouragement, evangelism and education.

James

Eight Lessons (Verse-by-Verse)

Large Print

Plus “Doers of the Word”, “Our Words, from the Old Testament”
and “Our Words, from the New Testament” Topical Studies

◆ Bible Study Course ◆

*“Study to shew thyself approved unto God,
a workman that needeth not to be ashamed,
rightly dividing the word of truth.”*

II Timothy 2:15

More Bible study helps are available at www.kjvhearthelps.com

LESSON 1: JAMES 1:1 – 1:19

1. James 1:1a - How does James describe himself? _____

2. James 1:1b - To whom was James writing this letter? _____
3. James 1:2 - What did James write to “count it all” when “divers temptations” come?

4. James 1:3 - What “worketh patience” in a Christian’s life? _____
5. James 1:4 - What is a benefit of perfecting patience? _____
6. James 1:5 - Who should one ask for wisdom? _____
7. James 1:6 - How should one ask for wisdom? _____
8. James 1:6-7 - Will one that wavers in faith receive wisdom? _____
9. James 1:8 - Who is “unstable in all his ways”? _____
10. James 1:9 - “Let the _____ of _____ degree rejoice in that he is _____:”
11. James 1:10 - Who will be “made low” and pass away “as the flower of the grass”?

12. James 1:11a - What does the sun cause to wither “with a burning heat”? _____
13. James 1:11b - “. . . the _____ of the fashion of it _____ :
so also shall the rich man _____ away in his _____.”
14. James 1:12a - How can a man be blessed? _____
15. James 1:12b - What crown can be obtained for enduring trials and temptations?

16. James 1:13 - Does God tempt man with evil? _____
17. James 1:14 - “But every man is tempted, when he is drawn _____ of his own
_____, and enticed.”
18. James 1:15a - What is brought forth when lust is conceived? _____
19. James 1:15b - What does sin bring forth when it is finished? _____
20. James 1:16 - “_____ not _____, my _____ brethren.”
21. James 1:17a - From where does every good and perfect gift come? _____

22. James 1:17b - What does the “Father of Lights” not have in Him? _____

23. James 1:18 - With what means does the Father beget His own? _____

24. James 1:19a - What should Christians be swift to do? _____

25. James 1:19b - What two things should Christians be slow to do? _____

Memory Verse: James 1:3 ~ “Knowing this, that the trying of your faith worketh patience.”

Student _____

Score _____

Discipler/Instructor _____

Date _____

LESSON 2: JAMES 1:20 – 2:16

1. James 1:20 - What does *not* work the righteousness of God? _____
2. James 1:21a - What should one “lay apart”? _____

3. James 1:21b - What is the “engrafted word” able to do? _____
4. James 1:22 - “But be ye _____ of the _____, and _____ hearers only, _____ your own selves.”
5. James 1:23 - A “hearer of the word” is compared to a man looking at his face in what? _____

6. James 1:24 - What does that man forget? _____

7. James 1:25b - What is the reward for one who is a “doer of the work”? _____

8. James 1:26 - Whose religion is described as “vain”? _____

9. James 1:27 - Name one characteristic of “pure religion.” _____

10. James 1:27 - Name another characteristic of “pure religion.” _____

11. James 2:1 - Who is described as the “Lord of glory”? _____
12. James 2:2-3 - Should believers show partiality to those with nicer clothes? _____
13. James 2:3b - What should *not* be said to the poor of the “assembly”? _____

14. James 2:4 - “Are _____ not then _____ in yourselves, and are become judges of evil _____?”
15. James 2:5 - Who is described as being “rich in faith”? _____

16. James 2:6a - “But ye have _____ the poor.”
17. James 2:6-7 - What oppressing group is described as blasphemous? _____

18. James 2:8 - How is the “royal law” fulfilled? _____

19. James 2:9 - “But if ye have _____ to persons, ye commit _____, and are _____ of the law as _____.”

20. James 2:10 - Who is described as “guilty of all”? _____

21. James 2:11 - What does one who commits adultery, or one that kills, transgress? _____

22. James 2:12 - “So speak ye, and so _____, as they that shall be _____ by the law of _____.”

23. James 2:13b - What “rejoiceth against judgment”? _____

24. James 2:14 - What will accompany a faith that is alive? _____

25. James 2:15-16 - Does one with a living faith neglect those “destitute of daily food”? _____

Memory Verse: James 1:27 ~ “Pure religion and undefiled before God and the Father is this, To visit the fatherless and widows in their affliction, and to keep himself unspotted from the world.”

Student _____

Score _____

Discipler/Instructor _____

Date _____

LESSON 3: JAMES 2:17 – 3:13

1. James 2:17 - What is not present in a dead faith? _____
2. James 2:18 - Since man cannot look on the heart, how is a living faith shown *to others*?

3. James 2:19 - Who believes “that there is one God” and trembles? _____
4. James 2:20a - How is the man described that has a dead faith? _____
5. James 2:21 - Who did Abraham offer on the altar, demonstrating his living faith?

6. James 2:22 - Regarding Abraham’s faith, is it important for us *as men to see* his “faith wrought with his works”? _____
7. James 2:23 - What was Abraham called because he “believed God”? _____
8. James 2:24 - What does *man see*, giving evidence that one has a living faith?

9. James 2:25 - Who demonstrated a living faith accompanied by works in helping the messengers escape? _____
10. James 2:26 - “For as the body without the _____ is _____, so faith without _____ is dead _____.”
11. James 3:1 - “My brethren, be _____ many _____, knowing that we _____ receive the greater _____.”
12. James 3:2 - How is a man able to “bridle the whole body”? _____
13. James 3:3 - With what is the whole body of a horse turned? _____
14. James 3:4 - With what is a whole ship turned? _____
15. James 3:5 - What “little member” can ignite a great fire? _____
16. James 3:6a - What kind of “world” can a tongue create? _____
17. James 3:6b - From where does the tongue’s fire come? _____
18. James 3:7 - What has been tamed by mankind? _____

19. James 3:8 - "But the tongue can no man _____; it is an _____ evil, full of _____ poison."
20. James 3:9 - What does the tongue often do to men? _____
21. James 3:10 - What ought not come out of the same mouth? _____
- _____
22. James 3:11 - What does not send forth both "sweet water and bitter"? _____
- _____
23. James 3:12a - What does not bear olive berries? _____
24. James 3:12b - What does a fountain *not* yield? _____
25. James 3:13 - What does a wise man show "out of a good conversation"? _____
- _____

Memory Verse: James 3:8 ~ "But the tongue can no man tame; it is an unruly evil, full of deadly poison."

Student _____

Score _____

Discipler/Instructor _____

Date _____

LESSON 4: JAMES 3:14 – 4:12

1. James 3:14 - What should “bitter envying and strife” in the heart “lie not against”?

2. James 3:15 - “This wisdom descendeth _____ from above, but is _____, sensual, _____.”

3. James 3:16 - What accompanies “confusion and every evil work”? _____

4. James 3:17 - Name eight attributes that describe “the wisdom that is from above”.

5. _____

6. _____

7. _____

8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

11. _____

12. James 3:18 - What type of fruit is “sown in peace”? _____

13. James 4:1 - What causes “war in your members”? _____

14. James 4:2 - Why do many *not* have what they desire? _____

15. James 4:3 - “Ye ask, and receive _____, because ye ask _____, that ye may _____ it upon your _____.”

16. James 4:4b - Who is described as “the enemy of God”? _____

17. James 4:6a - Who does God resist? _____

18. James 4:6b - To whom does God give grace? _____

19. James 4:7 - “_____ yourselves therefore to God. _____ the _____, and he will _____ from you.”

20. James 4:8a - When will God “draw nigh to you”? _____

21. James 4:8b - What does a double minded individual need to purify? _____
22. James 4:9 - “Be _____, and mourn, and _____: let your laughter be _____ to mourning, and your _____ to heaviness.”
23. James 4:10 - What should be done “in the sight of the Lord”? _____
- _____
24. James 4:11 - What should brethren *not* speak? _____
25. James 4:12 - Who is “able to save and to destroy”? _____

Memory Verse: James 4:7 ~ “Submit yourselves therefore to God. Resist the devil, and he will flee from you.”

Student _____

Score _____

Discipler/Instructor _____

Date _____

LESSON 5: JAMES 4:13 – 5:20

1. James 4:13-14a - Does anyone know what tomorrow will bring? _____
2. James 4:14b - What is compared to “a vapor, that appeareth for a little time”? _____
3. James 4:15 - “For that ye _____ to say, If the Lord _____, we shall _____, and do _____, or _____.”
4. James 4:16 - What type of rejoicing is evil? _____
5. James 4:17 - Is it sin to know to do good, and do it not? _____
6. James 5:1 - Who did James warn about miseries coming upon them? _____
7. James 5:2 - How did James describe their riches? _____
8. James 5:3b - What have they heaped “together for the last days”? _____
9. James 5:4 - Who hears the cries of these rich men’s laborers? _____

10. James 5:5a - “Ye have lived in _____ on the _____, and been _____;”
11. James 5:6 - “Ye have _____ and killed the _____; and he doth not _____ you.”
12. James 5:7 - For what does the husbandman wait with “long patience”? _____

13. James 5:8 - What instructions are given concerning the coming of the Lord? _____

14. James 5:9 - What should Christians *not* do “one against another”? _____
15. James 5:10 - Who were examples of “suffering affliction, and of patience”? _____

16. James 5:11 - Who patiently saw “that the Lord is very pitiful, and of tender mercy”? _____

17. James 5:12 - What should not be done by heaven, or by the earth, or “by any other oath”? _____

18. James 5:13 - “Is any among you _____? let him _____. Is any merry? let him _____ psalms.”

19. James 5:14 - What instructions are given to the sick in the church? _____

20. James 5:15 - "And the prayer of _____ shall save the _____, and the _____ shall raise him _____; and if he have committed _____, they shall be _____ him."

21. James 5:16a - "_____ your faults one to another, and _____ one for another, that ye may be _____."

22. James 5:16b - What "availeth much"? _____

23. James 5:17a - Who was "subject to like passions as we are"? _____

24. James 5:17b-18 - Did he have both of his prayers directly answered concerning rain?

25. James 5:19-20 - What is reaped by one who converts "the sinner from the error of his way"? _____

Memory Verse: James 5:16b ~ "The effectual fervent prayer of a righteous man availeth much."

Student _____

Score _____

Discipler/Instructor _____

Date _____

JAMES: LESSON 6

DOERS OF THE WORD

1. Deuteronomy 6:18 - What should be done “in the sight of the Lord”? _____

2. Psalm 7:1 - “O LORD my God, in thee do I put my _____: save me from all them that _____ me, and _____ me:”
3. Psalm 25:5b - What did David say he did “all the day”? _____
4. Psalm 34:14 - “Depart from _____, and do good; seek _____, and _____ it.”
5. Psalm 37:3b - What did David say was a benefit of trusting the Lord and doing good?

6. Psalm 40:8 - What did David delight to do? _____
7. Psalm 119:164 - How many times a day did this psalmist say he praised the Lord?

8. Psalm 130:5b - In what did this psalmist hope? _____
9. Proverbs 3:27 - From whom should we not withhold good? _____

10. Proverbs 31:10-12 - How long does a virtuous woman do good to her husband?

11. Isaiah 1:17 - “_____ to do well; seek judgment, _____ the oppressed, judge the fatherless, plead for the _____.”
12. Matthew 5:6 - “_____ are they which do _____ and thirst after _____: for they shall be _____.”
13. John 4:34 - What did Jesus say was His “meat”? _____

14. John 6:38-39 - Whose will did Jesus come down from heaven to do? _____

15. John 13:17 - “If ye _____ these things, _____ are ye if ye _____ them.”

16. John 21:25 - What did John suppose “could not contain the books that should be written”?

17. Ephesians 3:20a - Is the Lord “able to do exceeding abundantly above all that we ask or think”?

18. Philippians 2:14 - What should Christians do “without murmurings and disputings”?

19. Philippians 4:13 - What did Paul say he could do “through Christ which strengtheneth” him?

20. Colossians 3:13 - What did Paul instruct these believers to do one to another?

21. Colossians 3:17 - “And whatsoever ye _____ in word or _____, do all in the _____ of the Lord Jesus, giving _____ to God and the Father by him.”

22. Colossians 3:23-24 - Who should be the focus of the believer’s hearty service?

23. James 4:17 - What does this verse call knowing to do good and doing it not? _____

24. I John 2:17b - “. . . he that doeth the _____ of God _____ for ever.”

25. III John 1:5 - “Beloved, thou doest _____ whatsoever thou doest to the brethren, and to _____;”

Memory Verse: Micah 6:8 ~ “He hath shewed thee, O man, what is good; and what doth the LORD require of thee, but to do justly, and to love mercy, and to walk humbly with thy God?”

Student _____

Score _____

Discipler/Instructor _____

Date _____

JAMES: LESSON 7

OUR WORDS, FROM THE OLD TESTAMENT

1. I Samuel 2:3a - “_____ no more so exceedingly _____; let not _____ come out of your mouth:”
2. Psalms 19:14 - What did David want to be acceptable in the sight of the Lord?

3. Psalms 26:7 - “That I may _____ with the _____ of thanksgiving, and tell of all thy _____ works.”
4. Psalms 30:4 - “_____ unto the LORD, O ye saints of his, and give thanks at the _____ of his _____.”
5. Psalms 34:13 - What instructions are given here concerning our tongue and lips?

6. Psalms 37:30 - What does the mouth of the righteous speak? _____
7. Psalms 63:5 - How did David describe his lips when praising the Lord?

8. Psalms 141:3 - “Set a _____, O LORD, before my _____; keep the _____ of my lips.”
9. Proverbs 4:24 - What are believers instructed to “put away”? _____

10. Proverbs 7:5 - Who uses her tongue for flattery? _____
11. Proverbs 8:7a - What does wisdom speak? _____
12. Proverbs 8:7b - What is an abomination to lips of wisdom? _____
13. Proverbs 8:8 - “All the words of my mouth are in _____; there is _____ froward or _____ in them.”
14. Proverbs 10:11 - What is described as “a well of life”? _____
15. Proverbs 10:13a - “In the _____ of him that hath _____ wisdom is _____.”

16. Proverbs 10:32 - What do the lips of the righteous know? _____
-
17. Proverbs 12:17 - “He that speaketh _____ sheweth forth righteousness: but a false witness _____.”
18. Proverbs 16:24 - How are pleasant words described? _____
-
19. Proverbs 17:27 - Who “spareth his words”? _____
-
20. Proverbs 17:28 - Who is counted wise “when he holdeth his peace”? _____
21. Proverbs 18:4 - “The _____ of a man's mouth are as _____ waters, and the wellspring of wisdom as a _____ brook.”
22. Proverbs 18:21 - What two things “are in the power of the tongue”? _____
-
23. Proverbs 21:23 - How can one keep “his soul from troubles”? _____
-
24. Proverbs 22:17b - “. . . _____ the words of the wise, and _____ thine heart unto _____ knowledge.”
25. Proverbs 25:11 - What is “like apples of gold in pictures of silver”? _____
-

Memory Verse: Psalm 19:14 ~ “Let the words of my mouth, and the meditation of my heart, be acceptable in thy sight, O LORD, my strength, and my redeemer.”

Student _____

Score _____

Discipler/Instructor _____

Date _____

JAMES: LESSON 8

OUR WORDS, FROM THE NEW TESTAMENT

1. Matthew 5:44 - "But I say unto you, _____ your enemies, bless them that curse you, do _____ to them that hate you, and _____ for them which despitefully _____ you, and persecute you;"
2. Matthew 10:32-33 - Why is it essential to confess Jesus before men? _____

3. Matthew 12:36 - Will there be an account given for every idle word? _____
4. Mark 16:15 - What did Jesus instruct the disciples to do? _____

5. Luke 4:4, 8, 12 - Who did Jesus resist with the Word of God? _____
6. John 3:34 - "For he whom God hath _____ speaketh the words of God: for God giveth not the _____ by _____ unto him."
7. Acts 5:42 - How often did the early church "teach and preach Jesus Christ"? _____
8. Acts 6:4 - "But _____ will give ourselves _____ to prayer, and to the _____ of the word."
9. Romans 10:8 - What did Paul say was in the mouth and heart of these believers?

10. I Corinthians 1:18 - What did Paul say about the preaching of the cross? _____

11. Galatians 6:1 - What kind of spirit should be demonstrated in the ministry of restoration?

12. Ephesians 4:29 - What should *not* proceed out of a Christian's mouth? _____

13. Ephesians 4:31 - "Let all bitterness, and wrath, and _____, and clamour, and _____ speaking, be put _____ from you, with all _____:"

14. Philippians 1:27a - “_____ let your _____ be as it becometh the _____ of Christ:”

15. Colossians 4:6 - What did Paul say about a believer’s speech? _____

16. I Thessalonians 1:8 - Name two places where Thessalonian believers “sounded out the word of the Lord”. _____

17. I Thessalonians 4:11a - “And that ye study to be _____, and to _____ your own _____,”

18. I Timothy 6:4 - What kind of words come from the proud? (also Proverbs 13:10)

19. Titus 1:9 - Who may a pastor (bishop) be able “to exhort and to convince” through “the faithful word”?

20. Hebrews 13:15 - What should be offered to God continually? _____

21. James 1:19 - “Wherefore, my beloved brethren, let every man be _____ to hear, _____ to speak, slow to _____:”

22. James 1:26 - Whose religion is vain? _____

23. James 3:6 - What is described as “a fire, a world of iniquity”?

24. James 3:8 - How is the tongue described here? _____

25. James 3:10 - What ought not come out of the same mouth? _____

Memory Verse: James 1:19 ~ “Wherefore, my beloved brethren, let every man be swift to hear, slow to speak, slow to wrath:”

Student _____

Score _____

Discipler/Instructor _____

Date _____

Certificate of Achievement

awarded to

*for demonstrating faithfulness and
dedication in completing the
H.E.A.R.T. Ministry Bible Study Course entitled*

James

Date

Pastor OR Instructor

*Study to shew thyself approved unto God, a workman that needeth not to be ashamed, rightly
dividing the word of truth ~ II Timothy 2:15*